# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2021

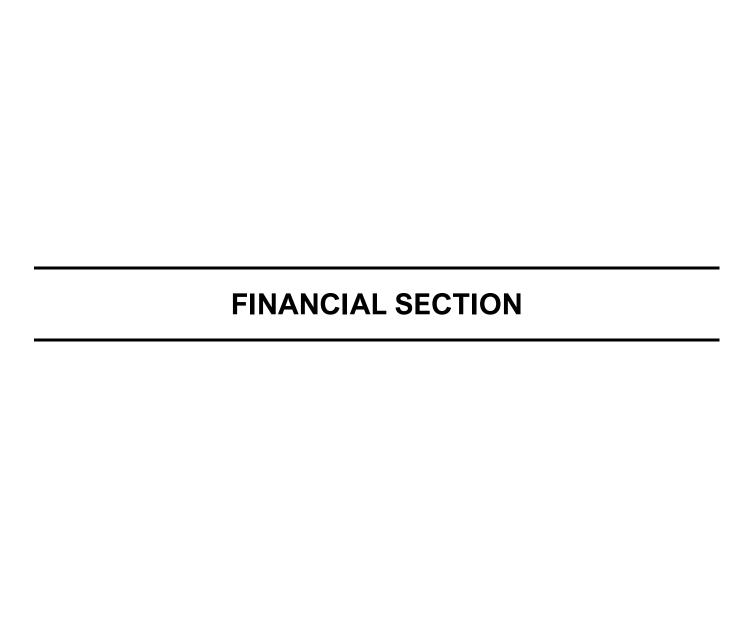
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### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Governing Board Mountain View Whisman School District Mountain View, California

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mountain View Whisman School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Mountain View Whisman School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mountain View Whisman School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 and Note 15 to the basic financial statements, the Mountain View Whisman School District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which established accounting and financial reporting standards for the identification and reporting of fiduciary activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Mountain View Whisman School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2022 on our consideration of Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California January 18, 2022

hristy White, Inc.

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### INTRODUCTION

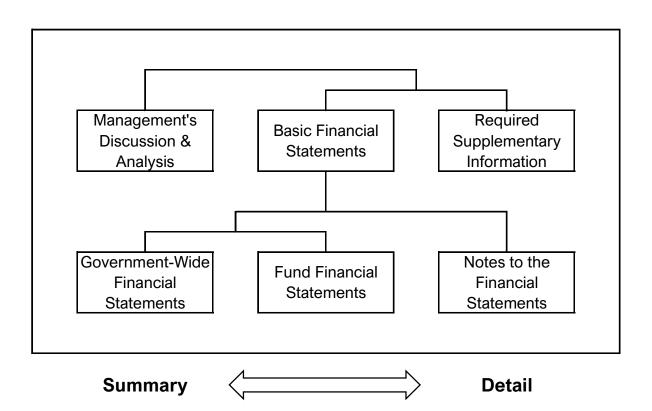
Our discussion and analysis of Mountain View Whisman School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The District's total net position was \$(15,799,090) at June 30, 2021. This was an increase of \$6,630,624 from the prior year after restatement.
- Overall revenues of \$122,902,213 exceeded overall expenditures of \$116,271,589.

### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### **Components of the Financial Section**



### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

### **Components of the Financial Section (continued)**

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
  - ▶ **Governmental Funds** provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Property taxes and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

### **Net Position**

The District's net position was \$(15,799,090) at June 30, 2021, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(54,920,855) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities										
		2021		2020	N	et Change					
ASSETS											
Current and other assets	\$	111,322,181	\$	98,501,251	\$	12,820,930					
Capital assets		263,317,707		265,468,835		(2,151,128)					
Total Assets		374,639,888		363,970,086		10,669,802					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		32,853,397		31,895,297		958,100					
LIABILITIES											
Current liabilities		24,438,331		14,071,499		10,366,832					
Long-term liabilities		395,514,326		398,864,361		(3,350,035)					
Total Liabilities		419,952,657		412,935,860		7,016,797					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		3,339,718		5,372,344		(2,032,626)					
NET POSITION											
Net investment in capital assets		9,927,735		15,386,208		(5,458,473)					
Restricted		29,194,030		18,338,917		10,855,113					
Unrestricted		(54,920,855)		(56,167,946)		1,247,091					
Total Net Position	\$	(15,799,090)	\$	(22,442,821)	\$	6,643,731					

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

### **Changes in Net Position**

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Governmental Activities								
		2021		2020	N	et Change			
REVENUES									
Program revenues									
Charges for services	\$	2,889,559	\$	3,730,171	\$	(840,612)			
Operating grants and contributions		19,213,173		16,413,221		2,799,952			
General revenues									
Property taxes		88,497,717		73,869,182		14,628,535			
Unrestricted federal and state aid		5,683,051		6,195,254		(512,203)			
Other		6,618,713		3,202,096		3,416,617			
Total Revenues		122,902,213		103,409,924		19,492,289			
EXPENSES						_			
Instruction		57,973,443		59,578,706		(1,605,263)			
Instruction-related services		10,514,136		10,618,357		(104,221)			
Pupil services		7,578,243		7,433,000		145,243			
General administration		8,011,992		6,396,176		1,615,816			
Plant services		7,651,766		6,956,881		694,885			
Ancillary and community services		-		12,264		(12,264)			
Debt service		10,931,297		12,020,234		(1,088,937)			
Other outgo		-		647,463		(647,463)			
Depreciation		13,610,712		13,758,158		(147,446)			
Total Expenses		116,271,589		117,421,239		(1,149,650)			
Change in net position		6,630,624		(14,011,315)		20,641,939			
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated*		(22,429,714)		(8,431,506)		(13,998,208)			
Net Position - Ending	\$	(15,799,090)	\$	(22,442,821)	\$	6,643,731			

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning net position was restated for the 2021 year only.

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$116,271,589 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$88,497,717 because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions as well as charges for services and other general revenues.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

### **Changes in Net Position (continued)**

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services								
		2021		2020					
Instruction	\$	48,922,585	\$	54,626,473					
Instruction-related services		9,055,118		9,873,428					
Pupil services		4,650,227		4,947,324					
General administration		7,234,233		6,106,209					
Plant services		4,051,455		3,806,359					
Ancillary and community services		-		10,756					
Debt service		10,931,297		12,020,234					
Transfers to other agencies		(4,286,770)		(7,871,094)					
Depreciation		13,610,712		13,758,158					
Total Expenses	\$	94,168,857	\$	97,277,847					

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$103,494,780, which is more than this year's restated beginning fund balance of \$95,432,768. The District's General Fund had \$12,014,164 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2021 as well as \$3,283,716 in net financing uses that led to a net increase in fund balance of \$8,730,448. The District's Building Fund had \$8,385,937 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund experienced a net increase in fund balance of \$6,915,170 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### **CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2020-2021**

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a periodic basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

### **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2020-2021 the District had invested \$263,317,707 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities									
		2021		2020	Net Change					
CAPITAL ASSETS										
Land	\$	1,341,037	\$	1,341,037	\$	-				
Construction in progress		8,612,726		1,065,249		7,547,477				
Buildings & improvements		357,609,592		353,726,735		3,882,857				
Furniture & equipment		4,913,313		4,884,063		29,250				
Accumulated depreciation		(109,158,961)		(95,548,249)		(13,610,712)				
Total Capital Assets	\$	263,317,707	\$	265,468,835	\$	(2,151,128)				

### **Long-Term Liabilities**

At year-end, the District had \$395,514,326 in long-term liabilities, a decrease of 0.84% from last year's balance – as shown in the table below. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

Governmental Activities										
	2021		2020		Net Change					
,					_					
\$	316,816,680	\$	317,216,224	\$	(399,544)					
	72,469		60,292		12,177					
	10,152,600		11,033,092		(880,492)					
	84,611,478		79,439,177		5,172,301					
	(16,138,901)		(8,884,424)		(7,254,477)					
\$	395,514,326	\$	398,864,361	\$	(3,350,035)					
	\$	\$ 316,816,680 72,469 10,152,600 84,611,478 (16,138,901)	\$ 316,816,680 \$ 72,469 10,152,600 84,611,478 (16,138,901)	2021       2020         \$ 316,816,680       \$ 317,216,224         72,469       60,292         10,152,600       11,033,092         84,611,478       79,439,177         (16,138,901)       (8,884,424)	2021       2020         \$ 316,816,680       \$ 317,216,224       \$ 60,292         10,152,600       11,033,092       84,611,478       79,439,177         (16,138,901)       (8,884,424)					

### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

In its March 2021 and June 2021 quarterly reports, the UCLA Anderson Forecast anticipated a robust recovery from the COVID-19–induced recession that began in March 2020. However, in its September 2021 quarterly report, hopes for blockbuster economic growth have been tempered by the spread of the COVID-19 delta variant and stagnating vaccination rates, which in turn have led to consumer caution and supply constraints. As a result, what could have been a couple of years of blockbuster economic performance will now likely feature solid but unspectacular growth. The economy is currently down 5.3 million payroll jobs from its pre-COVID peak, and there is little evidence to suggest that the expiration of enhanced unemployment benefits will lead to a surge in job applications.

### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)**

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. Governor Gavin Newsom's "California Comeback Plan" includes a mix of ongoing and one-time investments of \$100 billion made possible by an unanticipated surge in state revenues and robust federal stimulus funding.

Landmark legislation passed in year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per-pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low-income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADS); and (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

The May 2021 Budget Revision provides additional funding to further reduce the funding deferrals that were included in the 2020-21 Enacted Budget. The Governor's Budget in January proposed paying down \$9.2 billion of the K–12 deferrals. The May 2021 Budget Revision proposes paying down an additional \$1.1 billion, leaving a balance of \$2.6 billion at the end of the 2021–22 fiscal year.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2021. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. Beginning in 2021-22, the CalSTRS Board has limited authority to increase or decrease rates by a maximum of 1% annually (not to exceed 20.25% of creditable compensation), the projected employer contribution rate for 2021-22 is 16.92%. The CalPERS Board adopted an employer contribution rate of 22.91% for 2021-22. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2021-22 fiscal year.

### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Business Services at 1400 Montecito Avenue, Mountain View, CA 94043.

	G	overnmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	103,284,283
Accounts receivable		6,124,117
Inventory		93,395
Prepaid expenses		246,770
Note receivable		1,573,616
Capital assets, not depreciated		9,953,763
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		253,363,944
Total Assets		374,639,888
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		24,090,219
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		822,213
Deferred amount on refunding		7,940,965
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		32,853,397
LIABILITIES		
Accrued liabilities		6,906,800
Unearned revenue		1,392,630
Long-term liabilities, current portion		16,138,901
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion		395,514,326
Total Liabilities		419,952,657
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions		2,721,912
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		617,806
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,339,718
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		9,927,735
Restricted:		-,- ,
Capital projects		5,037,649
Debt service		18,647,499
Educational programs		5,364,261
Food service		131,514
Associated student body		13,107
Unrestricted		(54,920,855)
Total Net Position	\$	(15,799,090)

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Program Revenues									
				. rogram		Operating		let Position		
			C	Charges for		Grants and	Go	overnmental		
Function/Programs		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions		Activities		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Instruction	\$	57,973,443	\$	390,225	\$	8,660,633	\$	(48,922,585)		
Instruction-related services										
Instructional supervision and administration		2,337,251		3,172		415,245		(1,918,834)		
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,713,377		66,126		418,849		(1,228,402)		
School site administration		6,463,508		6,357		549,269		(5,907,882)		
Pupil services										
Home-to-school transportation		1,077,538		-		6,442		(1,071,096)		
Food services		2,983,544		4,052		2,020,156		(959,336)		
All other pupil services		3,517,161		70,684		826,682		(2,619,795)		
General administration										
Centralized data processing		1,571,019		102,002		453,501		(1,015,516)		
All other general administration		6,440,973		12,216		210,040		(6,218,717)		
Plant services		7,651,766		910,386		2,689,925		(4,051,455)		
Interest on long-term debt		10,931,297		-		-		(10,931,297)		
Other outgo		-		1,324,339		2,962,431		4,286,770		
Depreciation (unallocated)		13,610,712		-				(13,610,712)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	116,271,589	\$	2,889,559	\$	19,213,173		(94,168,857)		
		eral revenues								
		xes and subvent								
		roperty taxes, le						62,111,804		
		roperty taxes, le						23,468,556		
		roperty taxes, le		•	•	•		2,917,357		
		ederal and state			spe	cific purposes		5,683,051		
	Inte	erest and investr	ment e	earnings				337,180		
		eragency revenu	ıes					1,315		
		scellaneous						6,280,218		
		total, General F						100,799,481		
		NGE IN NET PO						6,630,624		
		Position - Begi	•	, as Restated				(22,429,714)		
	Net	Position - Endir	ng				\$ (15,799,09			

Net (Expenses)

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund Bu			B General Fund Building Fund R			G	Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	35,918,521	\$	42,211,152	\$	20,672,845	\$	4,481,765	\$	103,284,283
Accounts receivable		3,469,851		1,129,272		20,299		1,504,695		6,124,117
Due from other funds		1,022,385		-		-		144,324		1,166,709
Stores inventory		21,223		-		-		72,172		93,395
Prepaid expenditures		246,770		-		-		-		246,770
Total Assets	\$	40,678,750	\$	43,340,424	\$	20,693,144	\$	6,202,956	\$	110,915,274
LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities	\$	1,037,446 144,324 1,167,471 2,349,241	\$	3,790,631 403,000 - 4,193,631	\$	- - - -	\$	33,078 619,385 225,159 877,622	\$	4,861,155 1,166,709 1,392,630 7,420,494
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		275,993		-		-		72,172		348,165
Restricted		5,293,369		39,146,793		20,693,144		5,253,162		70,386,468
Assigned		6,814,690		-		-		-		6,814,690
Unassigned		25,945,457		-		-		-		25,945,457
Total Fund Balances		38,329,509		39,146,793		20,693,144		5,325,334		103,494,780
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	40,678,750	\$	43,340,424	\$	20,693,144	\$	6,202,956	\$	110,915,274

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	103,494,780
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Capital assets:		
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, a assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:  Capital assets  \$ 372,476,668	;	000 047 707
Accumulated depreciation (109,158,961	<u>)                                    </u>	263,317,707
Deferred amount on refunding:		
In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt is issued whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial statements		7,940,965
Unmatured interest on long-term debt:  In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in whice it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:	е	(2,045,645)
Note receivable:  In the governmental funds, receivables are recognized only to the extent that they are "available", meaning it will be collected within one year. In the government-wide statements, long term receivables are recognized. The amount of receivables that were not recognized in governmental funds, but are recognized in the government-wide statements, is:		1,573,616
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating the governmental activities consist of:  Total general obligation bonds  Compensated absences  Total OPEB liability  10,152,600		
Net pension liability  84,611,478  Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.  Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions  \$24,090,218  Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions  \$(2,721,912)	e n,	(411,653,227) 21,368,307
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.  Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$822,213	ot n,	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (617,806	)_	204,407
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	(15,799,090)

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ge	neral Fund	В	Building Fund	nd Interest and demption Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES	-							
LCFF sources	\$	66,756,159	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	66,756,159
Federal sources		5,329,496		-	-	1,719,807		7,049,303
Other state sources		7,365,814		-	40,247	1,453,103		8,859,164
Other local sources		15,417,956		455,230	23,517,629	3,175,136		42,565,951
Total Revenues		94,869,425		455,230	23,557,876	6,348,046		125,230,577
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction		54,194,283		-	-	1,523,255		55,717,538
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration		2,181,362		-	-	-		2,181,362
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,669,623		-	-	-		1,669,623
School site administration		5,767,618		-	-	345,435		6,113,053
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		970,482		-	-	-		970,482
Food services		14,934		-	-	2,739,520		2,754,454
All other pupil services		3,346,741		-	-	-		3,346,741
General administration								
Centralized data processing		1,358,730		-	-	-		1,358,730
All other general administration		6,064,026		-	-	40,249		6,104,275
Plant services		7,253,201		-	-	7,854		7,261,055
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		34,261		8,841,167	-	2,599,502		11,474,930
Debt service								
Principal		-		-	6,147,503	-		6,147,503
Interest and other		-		-	11,037,670	-		11,037,670
Total Expenditures		82,855,261		8,841,167	17,185,173	7,255,815		116,137,416
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		12,014,164		(8,385,937)	6,372,703	(907,769)		9,093,161
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-		-	-	1,710,100		1,710,100
Other sources		-		-	84,070,000	-		84,070,000
Transfers out		(1,710,100)		-	-	-		(1,710,100)
Other uses		(1,573,616)		-	(83,527,533)	-		(85,101,149)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,283,716)		-	542,467	1,710,100		(1,031,149)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		8,730,448		(8,385,937)	6,915,170	802,331		8,062,012
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated		29,599,061		47,532,730	13,777,974	4,523,003		95,432,768
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	38,329,509	\$	39,146,793	\$ 20,693,144	\$ 5,325,334	\$	103,494,780

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### **Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds**

\$ 8,062,012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

### Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 11,459,584

Depreciation expense: \$ (13,610,712) (2,151,128)

### Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

78,267,503

### Debt proceeds:

In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(84,070,000)

### Note issuance:

In governmental funds, payments related to note issuance are recognized as Other Financing Uses. In the government-wide statements, the note issuance is reported as an increase to assets. The amount recognized in governmental funds as payments related to note issuance was:

1,573,616

### Deferred amounts on refunding:

In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:

5,252,025

### Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

59,840

(continued on the following page)

## MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Accreted interest on long-term debt	<del>\</del> ccretec	ınterest	on	iong-term	aept
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In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

572,977

### Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(12,177)

### Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

1,120,534

### Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

(7,673,642)

### Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

5,629,064

### **Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities**

\$ 6,630,624

### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Mountain View Whisman School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

### **B.** Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

### C. Basis of Presentation

**Government-Wide Statements.** The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

**Fund Financial Statements.** The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

### **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund:** The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

**Building Fund:** This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

**Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:** This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

### **Non-Major Governmental Funds**

**Special Revenue Funds:** Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

**Student Activity Fund:** This fund may be used to account for student body activities that do not meet the fiduciary criteria established in GASB Statement No. 84.

**Child Development Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section* 8200 et seq.) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section* 8328).

**Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

**Capital Project Funds:** Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

**Capital Facilities Fund:** This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

**Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects:** This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

### **Governmental Funds**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

### Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

### Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

### **Capital Assets**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$25,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

### **Asset Class**

Buildings and Improvements
Furniture and Equipment
Vehicles

### **Estimated Useful Life**

20 to 50 years 5 to 20 years 8 years

### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

### **Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2020

Measurement Period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

#### **Premiums and Discounts**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

### **Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities

### G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

### I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### J. New Accounting Pronouncements

**GASB Statement No. 84** – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This standard's primary objective is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2021.

**GASB Statement No. 87** – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 91** – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 92** – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

GASB Statement No. 97 – In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This standard's primary objectives are to increase consistency and comparability related to reporting fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; to mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and to enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

### **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

### A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Governmental							
	Activities							
Investment in county treasury	\$	103,233,549						
Cash on hand and in banks		19,554						
Cash with fiscal agent		23,180						
Cash in revolving fund		8,000						
Total	\$	103,284,283						

### **B.** Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Santa Clara County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Cash with Fiscal Agent – At June 30, 2021, the District had \$23,180 in an account held by US Bank that is restricted for construction costs for various capital improvements.

### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

### C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum Remaining	Maximum Percentage of	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

### D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$103,645,451 and an amortized book value of \$103,233,549. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 615 days.

### E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2021, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were not rated.

### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

### F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2021, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

### G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Santa Clara County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	 icategorized
Investment in county treasury	\$ 103,645,451
Total	\$ 103,645,451

### **NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES**

### A. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	Ge	neral Fund	Bu	ilding Fund	 d Interest and emption Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	overnmental Activities
Federal Government				120	-			
Categorical aid	\$	1,946,741	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 101,516	\$	2,048,257
State Government								
Apportionment		945,851		-	-	-		945,851
Categorical aid		129,028		-	-	46,212		175,240
Lottery		325,439		-	-	-		325,439
Local Government								
Other local sources		122,792		1,129,272	20,299	1,356,967		2,629,330
Total	\$	3,469,851	\$	1,129,272	\$ 20,299	\$ 1,504,695	\$	6,124,117

### B. Note Receivable

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District issued a home loan to the Superintendent in the amount of \$1,573,616. The note bears an interest rate of 1.58% and matures in August 2066. At June 30, 2021, the principal balance expected to be collected in less than one year was \$20,137 and the non-current portion of the note receivable was \$1,553,479.

### **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance July 01, 2020			Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2021		
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	1,341,037	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,341,037
Construction in progress		1,065,249		11,430,334		3,882,857		8,612,726
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		2,406,286		11,430,334		3,882,857		9,953,763
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings & improvements		353,726,735		3,882,857		-		357,609,592
Furniture & equipment		4,884,063		29,250		-		4,913,313
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		358,610,798		3,912,107		-		362,522,905
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings & improvements		92,001,381		13,303,532		-		105,304,913
Furniture & equipment		3,546,868		307,180		-		3,854,048
Total Accumulated Depreciation		95,548,249		13,610,712		-		109,158,961
Governmental Activities	-							
Capital Assets, net	\$	265,468,835	\$	1,731,729	\$	3,882,857	\$	263,317,707

### **NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

## A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

As of June 30, 2021, interfund payables and receivables consisted of the following:

	Due From Other Funds									
Due To Other Funds	Ge	neral Fund	Governmental Funds			Total				
General Fund	\$	-	\$	144,324	\$	144,324				
Building Fund		403,000		-		403,000				
Non-Major Governmental Funds		619,385		-		619,385				
Total	\$	1,022,385	\$	144,324	\$	1,166,709				
Due from the Building Fund to the General Fund to repay short-term borrowing made to N				udit costs.	\$	403,000				
Due from the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects to the General Fund to rep	ay shor	t-term borrowi	ng.			350,000				
Due from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund to adjust fund contribution amount.						229,136				
Due from the Child Development Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.						40,249				
Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for CACFP program contribution.						101,461				
Due from the General Fund to the Child Development Fund for expense contributions.						42,863				
Total					\$	1,166,709				

## B. **Operating Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

		Interfund 1	rans	fers In
Interfered Transfers C. 4		lon-Major vernmental		Total
Interfund Transfers Out		Funds		Total
General Fund	\$	1,710,100	\$	1,710,100
Total	\$	1,710,100	\$	1,710,100
Transfer from the General Fund to the Child Development Fund for contributions to preschool p	rogram		\$	677,774
Transfer from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for program contributions.				557,326
Transfer from the General Fund to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for fun	d contri	bution.		475,000
Total			\$	1,710,100

## **NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

		Governmental								
	General Fund Building Fund Funds District-Wide						District-Wide	Activities		
Payroll	\$	87,859	\$	-	\$	11,646	\$	-	\$	99,505
Construction		-		3,790,631		-		-		3,790,631
Vendors payable		949,587		-		21,432		-		971,019
Unmatured interest		-		-		=		2,045,645		2,045,645
Total	\$	1,037,446	\$	3,790,631	\$	33,078	\$	2,045,645	\$	6,906,800

#### **NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE**

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

			G	overnmental	G	overnmental	
	Ge	neral Fund		Funds	Activities		
Federal sources	\$	124,137	\$	109,823	\$	233,960	
State categorical sources		589,406		115,336		704,742	
Local sources		453,928		-		453,928	
Total	\$	1,167,471	\$	225,159	\$	1,392,630	

#### **NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	Balance						Balance ons June 30, 2021			Balance Due		
_	July 01, 2020		Additions Deductions		Deductions	In One Year						
Governmental Activities												
General obligation bonds	\$	286,222,553	\$	84,070,000	\$	78,267,503	\$	292,025,050	\$	13,299,796		
Unamortized premium		14,081,744		-		5,629,064		8,452,680		663,901		
Accreted interest		16,911,927		1,359,521		1,932,498		16,338,950		2,175,204		
Total general obligation bonds		317,216,224		85,429,521		85,829,065		316,816,680		16,138,901		
Compensated absences		60,292		12,177		-		72,469		-		
Total OPEB liability		11,033,092		-		880,492		10,152,600		-		
Net pension liability		79,439,177		5,172,301		-		84,611,478				
Total	\$	407,748,785	\$	90,613,999	\$	86,709,557	\$	411,653,227	\$	16,138,901		

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

#### A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$72,469. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### B. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning total OPEB liability was \$11,033,092 and decreased by \$880,492 during the year ended June 30, 2021. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was \$10,152,600. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

#### C. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$79,439,177 and increased by \$5,172,301 during the year ended June 30, 2021. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2021 was \$84,611,478. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

#### NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

#### D. General Obligation Bonds

The following schedule summarizes the District's outstanding general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2021:

					Bonds				Bonds
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding			C	Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 1, 2020	Additions	Deductions	Jι	ine 30, 2021
1996 GOB Series B	1997	8/1/2022	4.65% - 5.48%	\$ 6,784,646	\$ 1,536,173	\$ -	\$ 330,784	\$	1,205,389
1996 GOB Series C	1999	2/1/2024	4.30% - 5.53%	6,499,471	2,959,216	-	329,866		2,629,350
1996 GOB Series D	2000	2/1/2025	5.11% - 6.28%	5,298,641	3,117,164	-	211,853		2,905,311
2012 GOB Refunding	2011	8/1/2021	0.751% - 2.973%	10,880,000	3,190,000	-	1,550,000		1,640,000
2012 GOB Series A	2013	9/1/2040	3.02% - 4.00%	50,000,000	14,305,000	-	12,970,000		1,335,000
2015 GOB Refunding	2016	7/1/2024	2.00% - 5.00%	4,895,000	2,820,000	-	555,000		2,265,000
2012 GOB Series B	2016	9/1/2042	2.00% - 5.00%	148,000,000	138,915,000	-	59,725,000		79,190,000
2016 GOB Refunding	2016	9/1/2021	4.00% - 5.00%	10,115,000	4,630,000	-	2,365,000		2,265,000
2020 Refunding	2020	9/1/2037	1.488% - 2.475%	29,750,000	29,750,000	-	230,000		29,520,000
2020 Series A	2020	9/1/2045	3.00% - 4.00%	46,600,000	46,600,000	-	-		46,600,000
2020 Series A-1	2020	9/1/2032	1.043% - 3.450%	38,400,000	38,400,000	-	-		38,400,000
2021 Refunding	2021	9/1/2042	0.151% - 2.759%	84,070,000	-	84,070,000	-		84,070,000
					\$ 286,222,553	\$ 84,070,000	\$ 78,267,503	\$	292,025,050

The annual requirements to amortize the District's general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal*	Interest			Total
2022	\$ 13,299,796	\$	9,601,331	\$	22,901,127
2023	11,522,874		11,387,744		22,910,618
2024	8,015,398		13,386,980		21,402,378
2025	8,596,982		15,056,784		23,653,766
2026	6,565,000		6,953,669		13,518,669
2027 - 2031	45,820,000	31,710,286			77,530,286
2032 - 2036	62,410,000		24,499,817		86,909,817
2037 - 2041	88,595,000		13,312,079		101,907,079
2042 - 2046	 47,200,000		2,220,026		49,420,026
Total	\$ 292,025,050	\$	128,128,716	\$	420,153,766

<sup>\*</sup>Principal balance does not include accreted interest of \$16,338,950 at June 30, 2021.

### 2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On April 22, 2021, the District issued 2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$84,070,000. The net proceeds received for the bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the Election of 2012, Series A and B General Obligation Bonds that were partially refunded. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. Amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of the outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred charges on refunding on the statement of net position and are amortized as an expense over the life of the bond. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$4,483,482 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$3,190,279.

#### **NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2021:

	Ge	neral Fund	Bu	ilding Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund				Go	Total overnmental Funds
Non-spendable										
Revolving cash	\$	8,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,000
Stores inventory		21,223		-		-		72,172		93,395
Prepaid expenditures		246,770		-		-		-		246,770
Total non-spendable		275,993		-		-		72,172		348,165
Restricted										
Educational programs		5,293,369		-		-		70,892		5,364,261
Food service		-		-		-		131,514		131,514
Associated student body		-		-		-		13,107		13,107
Capital projects		-		39,146,793		-		5,037,649		44,184,442
Debt service		-		-		20,693,144		-		20,693,144
Total restricted		5,293,369		39,146,793		20,693,144		5,253,162		70,386,468
Assigned										
Postemployment benefits		6,814,690		_		_		-		6,814,690
Total assigned		6,814,690		_		-		-		6,814,690
Unassigned		25,945,457		-		-		-		25,945,457
Total Fund Balance	\$	38,329,509	\$	39,146,793	\$	20,693,144	\$	5,325,334	\$	103,494,780

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

#### NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

#### A. Plan Description

The Mountain View Whisman School District's single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, the Mountain View Whisman School District's Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

#### **B.** Benefits Provided

The District contributes toward post-retirement benefits for employees who retire after age 55 with at least 10 years of service. The District will pay the monthly premiums according to the percentages described below. Coverage under this program is available to CSEA, and CTA members, as well as Confidential, Supervisory, Classified Management and Certificated Administrators.

The District payment is pro-rated for employees who were at least 50%, but less than 100%, FTE at the time of retirement. Payments continue for a maximum of 5 years, or until age 65 (eligibility for Medicare/Medical) or death, whichever is first. After this benefit period has expired, the retiree may not continue coverage under the District plan. No benefits are paid to surviving spouses or other beneficiaries after the death of the retired employee.

**For certificated employees:** No benefits are paid if hired after December 6, 2010. The maximum benefit payable for all certificated retirees is 95% of the one-party rate for single, or 90% of the two-party rate for two-party.

**For classified employees:** If retired before January 1, 2017, the maximum benefit payable is 95% of the two-party rate. If retired after December 31, 2016, the maximum benefit payable is 95% of the one-party rate for single, or 90% of the two-party rate for two-party.

**For management employees:** No benefits are paid if hired after December 6, 2010. The maximum benefit payable for all management retirees is 95% of the one-party rate for single, or 90% of the two-party rate for two-party.

#### C. Contributions

For fiscal year 2020-2021, the District contributed \$482,063 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

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#### D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	17
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	239
Total number of participants**	256

<sup>\*</sup>Information not provided

<sup>\*\*</sup>As of the June 30, 2019 valuation date

#### NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020:

#### **Economic assumptions:**

Inflation 2.75% Salary increases 3.00% Discount rate 2.66%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.00% for medical; 4.00% for dental and vision

#### Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality:

Certificated 2016 CalSTRS Mortality Table

Classified 2017 CalPERS OPEB Assumptions Model

Retirement rates:

Probability of retirement is assumed to range from 10% at age 55 to 30% at age 64.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were selected by the District in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75.

The discount rate was based on the 20-year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed thirty years.

#### F. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Ju	ne 30, 2021
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	681,327
Interest on total OPEB liability		301,098
Changes of benefit terms		(1,471,866)
Changes of assumptions		91,012
Benefits payments		(482,063)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(880,492)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		11,033,092
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	10,152,600
Covered-employee payroll	\$	44,618,050
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		22.8%

#### NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### G. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Mountain View Whisman School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Valuation			
	1% Decrease	<b>Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase		
	(1.66%)	(2.66%)	(3.66%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 10.888.865	\$ 10.152.600	\$ 9.477.865		

#### H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Mountain View Whisman School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase (6.00%)		
		(4.00%)	 (5.00%)			
Total OPEB liability	\$	9,293,009	\$ 10,152,600	\$	11,124,377	

### I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Mountain View Whisman School District recognized OPEB expense of \$(517,776). At June 30, 2021, the Mountain View Whisman School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows lesources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ -	\$	432,852	
Changes in assumptions	396,602		184,954	
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date	425,611		-	
Total	\$ 822,213	\$	617,806	

#### NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

The \$425,611 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Defer	red Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of I	Resources
2022	\$	49,199	\$	77,534
2023		49,199		77,534
2024		49,199		77,534
2025		49,199		77,534
2026		49,199		77,534
Thereafter		150,607		230,136
Total	\$	396,602	\$	617,806

#### **NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS**

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	N	Net pension liability		Deferred outflows related to pensions		erred inflows elated to pensions	Pension expense		
STRS Pension	\$	55,146,532	\$	18,088,991	\$	2,721,912	\$	9,652,882	
PERS Pension		29,464,946		6,001,228				6,199,912	
Total	\$	84,611,478	\$	24,090,219	\$	2,721,912	\$	15,852,794	

#### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

#### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### **Benefits Provided**

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

#### **Contributions**

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2021, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2021 was 19.10% of annual payroll reduced to 16.15% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$5,247,028 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **On-Behalf Payments**

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$3,217,201 to CalSTRS.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 55,146,532
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	28,427,813
Total	\$ 83,574,345

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.057 percent, which was a decrease of 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$9,652,882. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$888,837 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		rred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 1,309,964	\$	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	97,308		1,555,227
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and	5,377,567		-
proportionate share of contributions  District contributions subsequent	6,057,124		1,166,685
to the measurement date	5,247,028		-
Total	\$ 18,088,991	\$	2,721,912

The \$5,247,028 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	erred Inflows		
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of Resources		of	Resources
2022	\$	2,364,955	\$	723,225		
2023		3,611,185		613,963		
2024		4,057,323		387,580		
2025		2,126,292		389,287		
2026		598,559		379,613		
2027		83,649		228,244		
Total	\$	12,841,963	\$	2,721,912		

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

<sup>\*</sup> Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

	<b>Assumed Asset</b>	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	42%	4.80%
Real Estate	15%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	

<sup>\*20-</sup>year geometric average

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (6.10%)	Di	scount Rate (7.10%)	 Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 78,587,744	\$	55,146,532	\$ 30,075,850

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

#### Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

#### **Contributions**

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2021 was 22.68% of annual payroll reduced to 20.70% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). Contributions to the plan from the District were \$2,985,305 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$29,464,946 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.096 percent, which was an increase of 0.004 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,199,912. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments  Differences between expected and	\$ 613,366
actual experience	1,461,371
Changes in assumptions	108,049
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and	
proportionate share of contributions	833,137
District contributions subsequent	
to the measurement date	 2,985,305
Total	\$ 6,001,228

The \$2,985,305 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defe	rred Outflows
Year Ended June 30,	of	Resources
2022	\$	1,125,551
2023		882,829
2024		714,647
2025		292,896
Total	\$	3,015,923

#### NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50% Discount Rate 7.15%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

<sup>\*</sup>An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

<sup>\*\*</sup>An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions (continued)**

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (6.15%)	Di	scount Rate (7.15%)	Increase (8.15%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 42,361,233	\$	29,464,946	\$ 18,761,675

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

#### **NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021.

#### B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021.

#### C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of \$70,514,834.

#### **NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES**

The District participates in two joint ventures under joint powers authorities (JPAs), the Santa Clara County School District Insurance Group and the South Bay Area Schools Insurance Authority. The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

#### NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

#### A. Refunded Debt

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2021, the deferred amount on refunding was \$7,940,965.

#### B. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2021, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$24,090,219 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$2,721,912.

#### C. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2021, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$822,213 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$617,806.

#### NOTE 15 - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

The beginning net position for Governmental Activities and the beginning fund balance for the Student Activity Fund have been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Based on the clarifications provided by GASB Statement No. 84 and California Education Code regarding associated student body (ASB) accounts, it has been determined that the District's ASB accounts are not fiduciary because they do not meet the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 84, paragraph 11(c)(2) regarding administrative involvement.

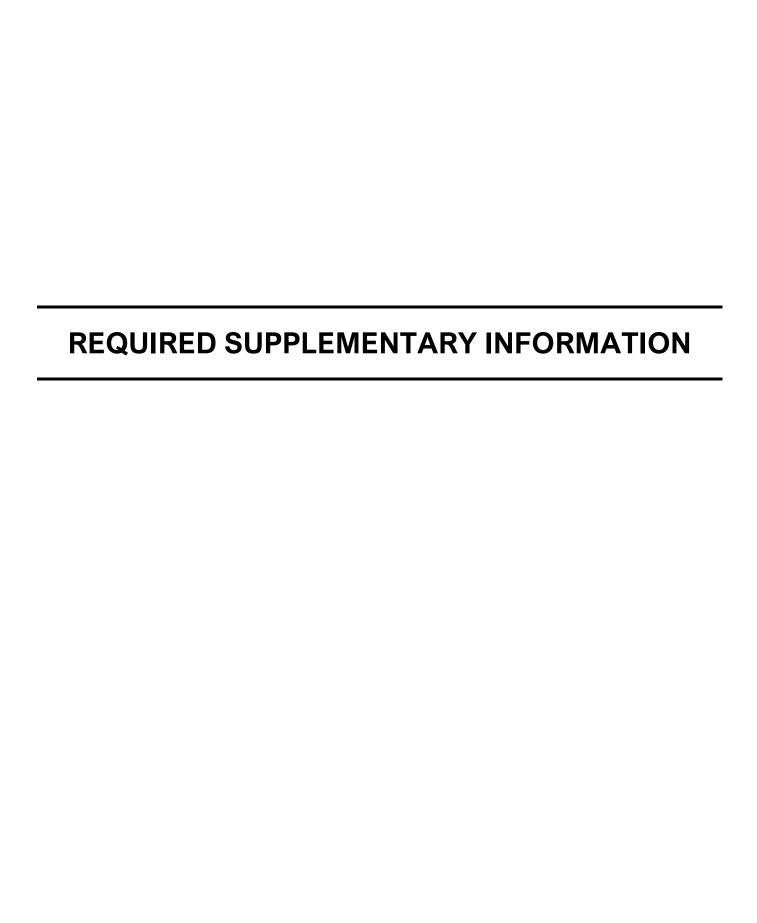
The effect on beginning net position is presented as follows:

	Activities
Net Position - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$ (22,442,821)
Restatement	 13,107
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$ (22,429,714)

Governmental

The effect on beginning fund balance is presented as follows:

	nt Activity Fund
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$ -
Restatement	13,107
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated	\$ 13,107



# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual*	Variances -		
	Original		Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	Fina	al to Actual	
REVENUES	 							
LCFF sources	\$ 64,778,094	\$	66,652,168	\$	66,756,159	\$	103,991	
Federal sources	2,590,797		6,114,200		5,329,496		(784,704)	
Other state sources	4,897,079		9,365,033		7,365,814		(1,999,219)	
Other local sources	13,452,883		15,390,354		15,363,218		(27,136)	
Total Revenues	85,718,853		97,521,755		94,814,687		(2,707,068)	
EXPENDITURES								
Certificated salaries	32,354,218		32,225,696		33,196,437		(970,741)	
Classified salaries	13,435,753		14,135,481		14,125,026		10,455	
Employee benefits	20,734,439		20,560,925		20,695,379		(134,454)	
Books and supplies	4,242,912		10,655,340		3,550,285		7,105,055	
Services and other operating expenditures	12,717,195		12,716,782		11,264,872		1,451,910	
Capital outlay	24,286		344,171		63,511		280,660	
Other outgo								
Transfers of indirect costs	 (35,165)		(40,252)		(40,249)		(3)	
Total Expenditures	83,473,638		90,598,143		82,855,261		7,742,882	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	 2,245,215		6,923,612		11,959,426		5,035,814	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out	(2,040,033)		(3,287,651)		(3,110,100)		177,551	
Other uses	 -		-		(1,573,616)		(1,573,616)	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 (2,040,033)		(3,287,651)		(4,683,716)		(1,396,065)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	205,182		3,635,961		7,275,710		3,639,749	
Fund Balance - Beginning	24,239,109		24,239,109		24,239,109		-	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 24,444,291	\$	27,875,070	\$	31,514,819	\$	3,639,749	

<sup>\*</sup> The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability						_		
Service cost	\$	681,327	\$	460,155	\$	436,180	\$	452,828
Interest on total OPEB liability		301,098		287,784		290,167		249,315
Changes of benefit terms		(1,471,866)		1,092,726		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		(530,122)		-		-
Changes of assumptions		91,012		296,584		105,753		(300,550)
Benefits payments		(482,063)		(462,449)		(428,404)		(233,400)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(880,492)		1,144,678		403,696		168,193
Total OPEB liability - beginning		11,033,092		9,888,414		9,484,718		9,316,525
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	10,152,600	\$	11,033,092	\$	9,888,414	\$	9,484,718
Covered-employee payroll	\$	44,618,050	\$	42,731,864	\$	41,984,112	\$	31,356,258
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		22.8%		25.8%		23.6%		30.2%

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2020	J	une 30, 2019	Jı	ıne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.057%		0.058%		0.054%		0.047%		0.046%		0.047%		0.044%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	55,146,532	\$	52,521,825	\$	49,447,133	\$	43,626,074	\$	37,098,758	\$	31,718,119	\$	24,078,216
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District <b>Total</b>	\$	28,427,813 83,574,345	\$	28,654,393 81,176,218	\$	28,310,935 77,758,068	\$	25,809,026 69,435,100	\$	21,122,770 58,221,528	\$	16,775,344 48,493,463	\$	15,691,855 39,770,071
District's covered payroll	\$	31,923,301	\$	31,440,838	\$	28,744,156	\$	25,944,406	\$	23,030,716	\$	22,093,840	\$	19,806,836
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		172.7%		167.0%		172.0%		168.2%		161.1%		143.6%		121.6%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.8%		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ine 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.096%		0.092%		0.096%		0.093%		0.082%		0.080%		0.072%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	29,464,946	\$	26,917,352	\$	25,499,668	\$	22,157,000	\$	16,247,860	\$	11,751,207	\$	8,116,991
District's covered payroll	\$	13,914,008	\$	12,885,250	\$	12,611,619	\$	11,839,285	\$	9,871,396	\$	7,453,056	\$	7,506,109
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		211.8%		208.9%		202.2%		187.1%		164.6%		157.7%		108.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.0%		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	5,247,028	\$	5,359,046	\$	5,115,182	\$	4,162,395	\$	3,225,298	\$	2,461,735	\$	1,634,064
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(5,247,028)		(5,359,046)		(5,115,182)		(4,162,395)		(3,225,298)		(2,461,735)		(1,634,064)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	32,863,193	\$	31,923,301	\$	31,440,838	\$	28,744,156	\$	25,944,406	\$	23,030,716	\$	22,093,840
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.97%		16.79%		16.27%		14.48%		12.43%		10.69%		7.40%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Jui	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Jui	ne 30, 2016	Jui	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,985,305	\$	2,730,329	\$	2,310,644	\$	1,960,977	\$	1,646,687	\$	1,169,814	\$	1,038,983
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(2,985,305)		(2,730,329)		(2,310,644)		(1,960,977)		(1,646,687)		(1,169,814)		(1,038,983)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$		\$		\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	14,489,723	\$	13,914,008	\$	12,885,250	\$	12,611,619	\$	11,839,285	\$	9,871,396	\$	7,453,056
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		20.60%		19.62%		17.93%		15.55%		13.91%		11.85%		13.94%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

## MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

#### Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

The current measurement for OPEB includes a one-time credit in relation to the reinstatement of the January 31, 2010 eligibility date. This eligibility date had been removed in the previous measurement.

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

The discount rate used in the most recent valuation for OPEB was 2.66%, while the previous valuation used a discount rate of 2.79%. There were no other changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuation for OPEB.

#### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

#### **Schedule of District Contributions**

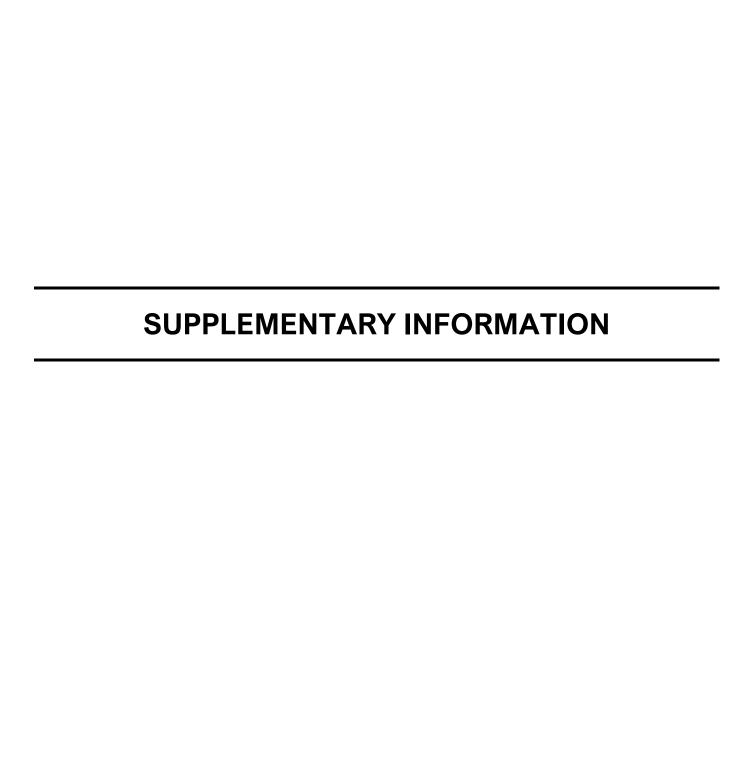
This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

## MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major fund presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	 Expe	nditu	res and Other	Use	s
	Budget		Actual		Excess
General Fund					_
Certificated salaries	\$ 32,225,696	\$	33,196,437	\$	970,741
Employee benefits	\$ 20,560,925	\$	20,695,379	\$	134,454



# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 387,105
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	49,859
Title III			,
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	29,415
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	11,981
Subtotal Title III			41,396
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	45,257
Title VIII, Impact Aid	84.041	10015	17,860
Special Education Cluster			
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	948,992
IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115	3,771
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197	49,636
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	55,672
IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	500
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			1,058,571
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants: [1]			
Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425C	15517	265,426
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	15536	411,453
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	15547	869,372
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants			1,546,251
Total U. S. Department of Education			3,146,299
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Extending Summer Food Service Program and SSO: [1]			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program - Basic	10.553	13525	132,688
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526	442,562
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	989,636
USDA Commodities [2]	10.555	*	101,713
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			1,666,599
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			1,666,599
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Head Start	93.600	10016	15,723
Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services			15,723
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding:			
Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF): Learning Loss Mitigation	21.019	25516	700,575
Total U. S. Department of the Treasury			700,575
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 5,529,196

<sup>[1] -</sup> Major Program
[2] - In-Kind Contribution

<sup>\* -</sup> Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2020-21 Number	
Grade Level	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	180	Complied
Grade 1	180	Complied
Grade 2	180	Complied
Grade 3	180	Complied
Grade 4	180	Complied
Grade 5	180	Complied
Grade 6	180	Complied
Grade 7	180	Complied
Grade 8	180	Complied

## MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	20	22 (Budget)	2021	2020	2019
General Fund - Budgetary Basis** Revenues And Other Financing Sources Expenditures And Other Financing Uses	\$	88,744,967 87,547,514	\$ 94,814,687 87,538,977	\$ 83,420,706 83,614,124	\$ 78,206,423 80,803,957
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	1,197,453	\$ 7,275,710	\$ (193,418)	\$ (2,597,534)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	32,712,272	\$ 31,514,819	\$ 24,239,109	\$ 24,432,527
Available Reserves* Available Reserves As A	_\$_	28,592,005	\$ 25,945,457	\$ 21,453,600	\$ 22,095,385
Percentage Of Outgo		32.66%	29.64%	25.66%	27.34%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	395,514,326	\$ 411,653,227	\$ 407,748,785	\$ 356,176,647
Average Daily Attendance At P-2***		4,916	4,916	4,916	4,940

The General Fund balance has increased by \$7,082,292 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2021-22 budget projects an increase of \$1,197,453. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2021-22 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$55,476,580 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has experienced a decrease of 24 ADA over the past two years. No change in ADA is anticipated during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

<sup>\*</sup>Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, average daily attendance at P-2 was not reported in 2021. Funding was based on average daily attendance at P-2 as reported in 2020.

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	Pos	ecial Reserve Fund for temployment Benefits
June 30, 2021, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	\$ 31,514,819	\$	6,814,690
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)	6,814,690		(6,814,690)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	6,814,690		(6,814,690)
June 30, 2021, audited financial statement fund balance	\$ 38,329,509	\$	-

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2021

	Stu	dent Activity Fund	D	Child evelopment Fund	Ca	feteria Fund	Ca	pital Facilities Fund	Fun	ecial Reserve ad for Capital tlay Projects	Non-Major overnmental Funds
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	13,107	\$	258,608	\$	174,597	\$	3,575,570	\$	459,883	\$ 4,481,765
Accounts receivable		-		37,952		110,327		5,527		1,350,889	1,504,695
Due from other funds		-		42,863		101,461		-		-	144,324
Stores inventory		-		-		72,172		-		-	72,172
Total Assets	\$	13,107	\$	339,423	\$	458,557	\$	3,581,097	\$	1,810,772	\$ 6,202,956
LIABILITIES											
Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	3,123	\$	25,735	\$	-	\$	4,220	\$ 33,078
Due to other funds		-		40,249		229,136		-		350,000	619,385
Unearned revenue		-		225,159		-		-		-	225,159
Total Liabilities		-		268,531		254,871		-		354,220	877,622
FUND BALANCES											
Non-spendable		-		-		72,172		-		-	72,172
Restricted		13,107		70,892		131,514		3,581,097		1,456,552	5,253,162
Total Fund Balances		13,107		70,892		203,686		3,581,097		1,456,552	5,325,334
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balance</b>	\$	13,107	\$	339,423	\$	458,557	\$	3,581,097	\$	1,810,772	\$ 6,202,956

# MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Stud	dent Activity Fund	De	Child evelopment Fund	Ca	afeteria Fund	Capi	tal Facilities Fund	Fu	pecial Reserve and for Capital autlay Projects	on-Major vernmental Funds
REVENUES											
Federal sources	\$	-	\$	53,208	\$	1,666,599	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,719,807
Other state sources		-		1,185,157		267,946		-		-	1,453,103
Other local sources		-		30,364		243,511		2,890,680		10,581	3,175,136
Total Revenues		-		1,268,729		2,178,056		2,890,680		10,581	6,348,046
EXPENDITURES											_
Current											
Instruction		-		1,523,255		-		-		-	1,523,255
Instruction-related services											
School site administration		-		345,435		-		-		-	345,435
Pupil services											
Food services		-		-		2,739,520		-		-	2,739,520
General administration											
All other general administration		-		40,249		-		-		-	40,249
Plant services		-		-		7,854		-		-	7,854
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		-		-		-		-		2,599,502	2,599,502
Total Expenditures		-		1,908,939		2,747,374		-		2,599,502	7,255,815
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over Expenditures		-		(640,210)		(569,318)		2,890,680		(2,588,921)	(907,769)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in		-		677,774		557,326		-		475,000	1,710,100
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-		677,774		557,326		-		475,000	1,710,100
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		37,564		(11,992)		2,890,680		(2,113,921)	802,331
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated		13,107		33,328		215,678		690,417		3,570,473	4,523,003
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	13,107	\$	70,892	\$	203,686	\$	3,581,097	\$	1,456,552	\$ 5,325,334

## MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2021

The Mountain View Whisman School District services over 70,000 residents and over 5,000 students. The District was formed in 2001 when Mountain View School District and Whisman School District merged to form a single K-8 school district. The District is located at the southern tip of the San Francisco Bay and is comprised of eight elementary schools and two middle schools. There were no changes in boundaries during the fiscal year.

#### **GOVERNING BOARD**

Member	Member Office	
Devon Conley	President	2022
Laura Blakely	Vice President	2024
Laura Ramirez Berman	Clerk	2024
Christopher Chiang	Member	2024
Ellen Wheeler	Member	2022

#### **DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS**

Dr. Ayindé Rudolph Superintendent

Rebecca Westover
Chief Business Officer

Catherine Baur
Assistant Superintendent of Educational Services

Tara Vikjord
Chief Human Resources Officer

### MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

#### **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2021 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2021.

Number Amo	Amount	
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance \$ 7,	049,303	
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund 84.425D	(89,874)	
Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA)		
Act - One-time Stipend 93.575	(37,485)	
Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF): Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 (1,	392,748)	
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards \$ 5,	529,196	

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

#### **Schedule of Instructional Time**

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

### **Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis**

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

#### <u>Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds</u>

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

#### **Local Education Agency Organization Structure**

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Mountain View Whisman School District Mountain View, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mountain View Whisman School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Mountain View Whisman School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2022.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Mountain View Whisman School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California January 18, 2022

histy White, Inc.

### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board Mountain View Whisman School District Mountain View. California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Mountain View Whisman School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Mountain View Whisman School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Mountain View Whisman School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Mountain View Whisman School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Mountain View Whisman School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California January 18, 2022

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#### REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board Mountain View Whisman School District Mountain View, California

#### **Report on State Compliance**

We have audited Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Mountain View Whisman School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, as identified below.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Mountain View Whisman School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with those requirements.

#### **Opinion on State Compliance**

In our opinion, Mountain View Whisman School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **Procedures Performed**

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance and Distance Learning	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Charter Schools	
Independent Study-Course Based; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	-
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

San Diego, California January 18, 2022

histy White, Inc.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified	
Internal control over financial rep	orting:		_
Material weakness(es) identified?		No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported	_
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?		No	_
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Internal control over major progra	am:		
Material weakness(es) identified?		No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported	-
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified	-
Any audit findings disclosed that	are required to be reported in accordance		•
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		No	
Identification of major programs:			
AL Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
84.425C, 84.425D	Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants	_	
10.553, 10.555, 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster	_	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$ 750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	_
STATE AWARDS			
Internal control over state progra			
Material weaknesses identified?		No	_
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported	_
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:		Unmodified	_

#### MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

**FIVE DIGIT CODE** 

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

20000 30000

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE	
10000	Attendance	
40000	State Compliance	
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs	
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	
60000	Miscellaneous	
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries	
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan	
70000	Instructional Materials	
71000	Teacher Misassignments	
72000	School Accountability Report Card	

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

There were no findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2020.